# CSIR-UGC-NET/JRF | GATE CHEMISTRY TEST: STEREOCHEMISTRY

Time : 45 Minutes Date : 06-03-2020

M.M.: 40

#### **INSTRUCTION:**

1. There are two parts. Part-A contains 10 objective type questions, each question carry 2 marks and Part-B contains 05 objective type questions, each question carry 4 marks.

2. There is negative marking, @ 25% will be deducted for each wrong answer.

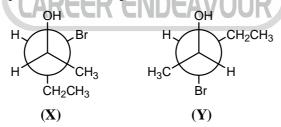
3. Attempt all the questions, use of calculator is not allowed.

## PART - A

1. The correct IUPAC name for the bicyclic compound (X) is



- (a) 2-fluorobicyclic [2.2.1]hexane
- (b) 2-fluorobicyclo[2.1.1]hexane
- (c) 5-fluorobicyclo[2.1.1]hexane
- (d) 6-fluorobicyclo[2.1.1.]hexane
- 2. The correct relationship between the compound (X) and (Y) is



(a) Conformers

(b) Constitutional isomers

(c) Diastereomers

- (d) Enantiomers
- 3. The correct assignment of chirality at C1 and C4 of the following

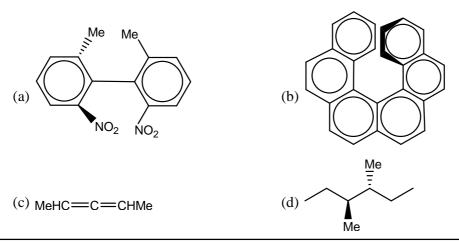
- (a) 1S, 4R
- (b) 1R, 4R
- (c) 1S, 4S
- (d) 1R, 4S

4. Among the following compounds identify the chiral pair

5. The total number of molecules having E-configuration

6. Among the following, identify the compound 3(S), 4(S)-3-chloro-4-methylhexane

7. Which of the following molecule is achiral



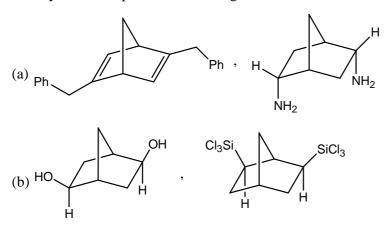
8. The specific rotation of compound (X) is  $[\alpha] = +53.3$ , then what would be the specific rotation of compound (Y)

$$H_3C$$
 $H_3C$ 
 $H_3C$ 

9. Which of the following molecule is achiral

### PART - B

11. Identify the achiral pair in the following molecule.



10.

Among the following identify the incorrect statement is

- (a) (A) and (C) are enantiomer whereas (B) and (C) are diastereomers.
- (b) (A) and (C) & (B) and (C) are diastereomers
- (c) (A) and (B) & (C) and (D) are diastereomers
- (d) (A) and (C) are diastereomers whereas (B) and (D) are enantiomers.

#### 13. Identify the correct statement

(c) 
$$H_2N$$
 And  $O=S$  (Optically inactive)  $C_2H_5$ 

14. In the following compounds (X) and (Y), the stereochemical descriptor for  $H_a$  and  $H_b$  are respectively

$$H_3C$$
 $H_3C$ 
 $H_4$ 
 $H_5$ 
 $H_6$ 
 $H_7$ 
 $H_7$ 
 $H_7$ 
 $H_7$ 
 $H_7$ 
 $H_8$ 
 $H_9$ 
 $H_$ 

- (a) Homotopic, enantiotopic
- (b) Diastereotopic, enantiotopic
- (c) Homotopic, Diastereotopic
- (d) Enantiotopic, Diastereotopic
- 15. The major product (P) formed in the following reaction is

(a) 
$$C_2H_5$$
 Ph CH<sub>3</sub> by Re face attack (b)  $C_2H_5$  Ph CH<sub>3</sub> by Si face attack

(c) 
$$C_2H_5^{N_1}$$
 Ph CH<sub>3</sub> by Re face attack (d)  $C_2H_5^{N_1}$  Ph CH<sub>3</sub> by Si face attack