QUESTION PAPER CSIR NET LIFE SCIENCES

June-2011

Recent studies on Archaea suggest that life could have originated

21.

	(a) extraterrestrially	and seeded through meteor	rite impacts.	
	(b) in shallow coasta	ıl areas.		
	(c) in deep hydrother	rmal vents		
	(d) in hot, terrestrial	habitats.		
22.	If the ratio of the nu	mber of nonsynonymous t	to synonymous substitution	ons per site in protein coding
	gene is greater than of	one, it is an evidence of sel	lection that is	
	(a) positive.	(b) negative.	(c) neutral.	(d) random.
23.	The following is the	biochemical pathway for p	ourple pigment production	in flowers of sweet pea:
	Colourless Allele	A Colourless Allele E	Purple	
	Precursor 1	$\xrightarrow{A} \begin{array}{c} \text{Colourless} & \text{Allele B} \\ \text{Precursor 2} \end{array}$	→ Pigment	
	Recessive mutation	of either gene A or B lead	ls to the formation of wh	nite flowers. A cross is made
				e two genes are not linked, the
	phenotypes of the ex			
	(a) 9 purple: 7 white	e	(b) 3 white: 1 purple	
	(c) 1 purple : 1 white	e	(d) 9 purple : 6 light pu	rple: 1 white
24.	The frequencies of a	lleles 'A' and 'a' in a popu	lation at Hardy- Weinberg	g equilibrium are 0.7 and 0.3,
		dom sample of 250 individ	uals taken from the popul	ation, how many are expected
	to be heterozygous?			
	(a) 112	(b) 81	(c) 105	(d) 145
25.		wering in plants requires	·	
		under long- day conditions		
• •		of the shoot apical meristen	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•
26.		•		pient to gain 'B' offspring and
	favour this altruistic		incient γ, under which t	condition would kin selection
	(a) $B > C$		(c) $\gamma B - C = 0$	(d) $\vee R$ $C > 0$
27.	` '	ith only one X chromosome		
27.	_	rome		
	(c) Down syndrome	Offic	(d) Turner syndrome	ic .
28.	•	no food crops has recently	•	red to obtain edible vaccine to
-0.	develop immunity ag		been genericany engineer	ed to obtain edible vaccine to
	(a) Banana	(b) Maize	(c) Potato	(d) Tomato
29.	` '	` '	` '	nd involves measurement of the
	amount	81		
	(a) CO ₂ Utilised	(b) autotroph biomass	(c) Oxygen released	(d) Organic carbon
		(

	•	-	or each			
• •	` /	(c) L-Prol	(d) α -methyl L-Valine			
	• 1	leases to form short duplexe	, ,			
(a) snRNA	(b) mRNA	` '	(d) miRNA.			
			to the herbivore level in the oper			
•	•	m because				
	•					
. , .						
	-					
• 1			c			
	• •	•				
			ın.			
· , , , , ,		` '	-i-16416-11i			
three highly conse	erved amino acids?					
` '		· · ·	(d) Pro-Ala-Asn.			
•		•				
• • •		` ' • •	(d) Both B- and D-types.			
		•	(1) *** 1 0			
` /		· · ·	(d) K ⁺ influx.			
•	*	*	(1) 6			
· / U I		` ′ •	(d) Seven-pass.			
Release of nutrients, oxidants or electron donors into the environment to stimulate naturally occurring						
	•					
` '		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \				
			o another is			
			(d) duplication.			
		/	•			
		• •	•			
` '	, ,		` '			
•		(b) formation of a	additional ectopic head.			
(c) degeneration.	•	` '	two heads and two tails.			
-	•					
(a) ent Kaurene s	ynthase	(b) GA 3-β hydroxy	lase			
` ′		(*) ==== ===============================				
•		ndary antibody				
•		•				
•		· ·				
	=	1				
	(a) Gly Small RNAs with percursor RNAs a (a) snRNA A much greater procean ecosystem (a) aquatic autotr (b) aquatic herbiv (c) terrestrial autotr (d) terrestrial autotr (d) terrestrial autotr (e) myoglobin procean ecosystem (a) transducin procean ecosystem (b) aquatic herbiv (c) terrestrial autotr (d) terrestrial autotr (d) terrestrial autotr (e) myoglobin procean ecosystem (a) transducin procean ecosystem (b) Ala-Asn-Procean ecosystem (c) myoglobin procean ecosystem (d) transducin procean ecosystem (e) myoglobin procean ecosystem (e) myoglobin procean ecosystem (e) myoglobin procean ecosystem (e) an ecosystem (e) myoglobin procean ecosystem (e) an ecosystem (e) myoglobin procean ecosystem (e) an ecosystem (e) bioaugmentation (a) single-pass. Release of nutrier microoganisms to (a) biostimulation (c) bioaugmentation (e) bioaugmentation (e) bioaugmentation (e) bioaugmentation (e) bioaugmentation (e) degeneration. The dwarf pea mugibberellin biosym (e) degeneration. The dwarf pea mugibberellin biosym (e) GA 20 - oxidate ELISA assays use (e) GA 20 - oxidate ELISA assays use (f) An enzyme wo (f) A substrate with the process of the pr	(a) Gly (c) L-Ala Small RNAs with internally complementa percursor RNAs and cleaved by endonuc (a) snRNA (b) mRNA A much greater proportion of energy fixed ocean ecosystem than in a forest ecosyste (a) aquatic autotrophs are small (b) aquatic herbivores are more efficient (c) terrestrial autotrophs are less efficient (d) terrestrial autotrophs have more indig Polar bears maintain their body temperatu (a) transducin protein. (c) myoglobin protein. Transport of water across aquaporins is reg three highly conserved amino acids? (a) Ala-Asn-Pro. (c) Pro-Asn-Ala. Which of the cyclins have/has essential fu (a) A-type. (b) B-type. During generation of an action potential, (a) K+ efflux. (b) Na+ efflux. G protein-linked receptors are trans-mem (a) single-pass. (b) three-pass. Release of nutrients, oxidants or electron microoganisms to degrade a contaminant, (a) biostimulation (c) bioaugmentation A mechanism that can cause a gene to mo (a) crossing over (b) inversion Th2 response is generated and maintained (a) IL-4 and IL-10 (b) IL-12 and IFN Cytoplasmic determinants coding for ante the recipient embryo, would lead to (a) normal development. (c) degeneration. The dwarf pea mutant (le) used by Mende gibberellin biosynthesis? (a) ent Kaurene synthase (c) GA 20 - oxidase ELISA assays uses (a) An enzyme which can react with seco (b) An enzyme which can react with the acc (c) by An enzyme which can react with the acc (d) An enzyme which can react with the acc (e) by An enzyme which can react with the acc (fine properties and properties are accounted and prope	Small RNAs with internally complementary sequences that form hairp percursor RNAs and cleaved by endonucleases to form short duplexe (a) snRNA (b) mRNA (c) tRNA. A much greater proportion of energy fixed by autotrophs is transferred ocean ecosystem than in a forest ecosystem because (a) aquatic autotrophs are small (b) aquatic herbivores are more efficient feeders (c) terrestrial autotrophs have more indigestible tissues Polar bears maintain their body temperature because they have more (a) transducin protein. (b) uncoupling protein (c) myoglobin protein. (d) FoF1 ATPase. Transport of water across aquaporins is regulated by the presence of with three highly conserved amino acids? (a) Ala-Asn-Pro. (c) Pro-Asn-Ala. (c) Asn-Pro-Ala. Which of the cyclins have/has essential functions in S- phase of cell of (a) A-type. (b) B-type. (c) D-type. During generation of an action potential, depolarization is due to (a) K ⁺ efflux. (b) Na+ efflux. (c) Na ⁺ influx. G protein-linked receptors are trans-membrane proteins of (a) single-pass. (b) three-pass. (c) five-pass. Release of nutrients, oxidants or electron donors into the environment microoganisms to degrade a contaminant, is referred to as (a) biostimulation (b) phytoremediation (c) bioaugmentation (d) bioremediation A mechanism that can cause a gene to move from one linkage group t (a) crossing over (b) inversion (c) translocation Th2 response is generated and maintained mainly by which of the foll (a) IL-4 and IL-10 (b) IL-12 and IFN-γ (c) IFY-γ and TNF-Cytoplasmic determinants coding for anterior structure of Drosophila the recipient embryo, would lead to (a) normal development. (b) formation of a (c) degeneration. (d) a phenotype with The dwarf pea mutant (le) used by Mendel was defective in which of the gibberellin biosynthesis? (a) ent Kaurene synthase (b) GA 3-β hydroxy (c) GA 20 - oxidase (d) Ent Kaurenoic ac ELISA assays uses (d) An enzyme which can react with the antigen (c) A substrate which gets converted into a coloured product			



44. Which of the following molecules is involved in Ca²⁺-dependent cell-cell adhesion? (a) Calmodulin (b) Cadherin (c) N-CAM (d) Calpain The 5' Cap of RNA is required for the 45. (a) stability of RNA only. (b) stability and transport of RNA. (c) transport of RNA only. (d) methylation of RNA. Yeast artificial chromosome (YAC) vectors contain selectable markers. Loss of which marker at the 46. cloning site distinguishes the re-ligated YACs from the original vector marker? (a) TRP-1 (b) SUP4 (c) URA3 In amphibian oocyte, the germplasm which gets segregated during cleavage to give rise to primordial **47.** germ cells (PGC's) is normally (a) distributed evenly throughout the oocyte. (b) localized at animal pole. (c) localized at vegetal pole. (d) aggregated in central part of oocyte. 48. Which of the following statements with respect to alternate oxidase activity in cyanide resistant respiration in plants is not correct? (a) Alternate oxidase accepts electrons directly from cytochrome C (b) Some plants exhibit thermogenesis during inflorescence development (c) Transcription of alternate oxidase gene is often induced by various abiotic stresses (d) When electrons pass to alternate oxidase, two sites of proton pumping are bypassed In mature Arabidopsis embryo, root apical meristem consists of cells derived from 49. (a) embryo and apical suspensor cells (b) embryo only (c) suspensor only (d) hypophysis only Na⁺-K⁺ ATPase is a tetramer of 2α and 2β subunits. On which of the following subunits are the Na⁺ and 50. K⁺ binding sites present? (b) both on β (a) both on α (d) Na $^+$ on β and K $^+$ on α (c) Na⁺ on α and K⁺ on β A mother of blood group O has a group A child. The father could be of the blood type 51. (a) A or B or O (b) A only (c) A or B (d) AB only Following figure shows McArthur and Wilson's equilibrium model of biota on a single island. 52. No. of species present In this figure terms A, B, C and D in order are (a) extinction, immigration, equilibrium number of species, size of species pool. (b) immigration, extinction, equilibrium number of species, size of species pool. (c) extinction, immigration, size of species pool, equilibrium number of species. (d) immigration, extinction, size of species pool, equilibrium number of species. **53.** Routinely used glucose biosensor estimates blood glucose level by sensing the concentration of (a) Glucose (b) Oxygen (c) δ -gluconolactone $(d) H_2O_2$ 54. Name the ectothermic animal that can thermoregulate by behavioural means rather than by physiological means. (a) Bumble bee in an orchard (b) Tuna fish in the ocean (c) Lizard in a desert (d) Flatworm in a pond

55.	Which of the following methods of plant transform	nation can be used to induce a	a gene into chloroplast genome?					
	(a) Agrobacterium mediated transformation	(b) Particle delivery sys	tem					
	(c) Permeabilization	(d) Electroporation						
56.	The μ and σ of wing length (a normally distribute	ed parameter) in a population	of fruitflies are 4 and 0.2 mm.					
	respectively. In a random sample of 400 fruit	flies, how many individua	ls are expected to have wing					
	lengths greater than 4.4 mm?							
	(a) 20 (b) 64	(c) 10	(d) 336					
57.	Which of the following characteristic of an ear	rly communiity?						
	(a) Narrow niche specialization	(b) High species divers	sity					
	(c) Community production	(d) Open mineral cyclin	ıg					
58.	A culture of an E.coli strain that is lysogenic	for phage lambda is grow	wn at 32°C. Induction of the					
	prophage from the host chromosome will occu	prophage from the host chromosome will occur when the culture is exposed to						
	(a) 40°C	(b) Ultra violet radiation	n					
	(c) Infra-red radiation	(d) Wild type E. coli cu	lture					
59.	During urine formation the filtration of blood	at the glomerulus is						
	(a) An active process	(b) An osmotic process						
	(c) Is a pressure-dependent physical process	(d) A non-energy-media						
60.	If the core body temperature of a human rise at	pove normal, which of the	following processes would be					
	initiated sequentially for thermo-regulation?							
	(a) Peripheral vasodilation, increased rate of respiration, tachycardia							
	(b) Peripheral vasoconstriction, increased rate of respiration, bradycardia							
	(c) Peripheral vasodilation, decreased rate of a							
	(d) Peripheral vasodilation, decreased rate of r	*						
61.	With which protein of Yersinia would integrin	proteins of mammalian cel	ls interact for internalization?					
	(a) Pilin (b) Fimbrin	(c) Invasin	(d) Adherin					
62.	Graves' disease is associated with							
	(a) Insufficiency of thyroid hormone	(b) Excess of thyroid ho	ormone					
	(c) Insufficiency of corticosteroids	(d) Excess of growth ho						
63.	The fidelity of replicative base selection can be	be reduced by a factor of	10 ² when the repair of DNA					
	synthesis involves							
	(a) AP endonuclease (b) ABC exinuclease	(c) DNA photolyase	(d) TLS DNA polymerase.					
64.	What is the minimum number of NTPs required for	r the formation of one peptid	e bond during protein synthesis?					
	(a) One (b) Two	(c) Four	(d) Six					
65.	'Imperfect fungi' is a group represented by fur	ngal species which have						
	(a) simple mycelia.							
	(b) no known mechanisms of sexual reproduct	tion.						
	(c) unkown phylogenetic relationship.							
	(d) lost its survival mechanism against harsh e	environments.						
66.	The photoreceptor commonly involved In light ent	rainment of the biological clo	ock in flies, moulds and plants is					
	(a) phytochrome (b) rhodopsin	(c) carotenoid	(d) Cryptochrome					
67.	The free energy ΔG of a dissolved solute							
	(a) Increases with solute concentration	(c) Decreases with solu	te concentration					
	(c) Is independent of solute concentration	(d) Depends only on ter	nperature					



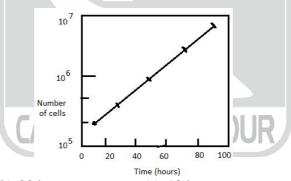
- **68.** Which of the following is not a characteristic of phylum Chordata?
 - (a) Pharyngeal slits
- (b) Amniotic egg (c) Post anal tail
- (d) Notochord
- 69. In India, Brow antlered deer (Sangai) is found only in the floating landmasses of
 - (a) Wular lake

(b) Sasthamkotta lake

(c) Dal lake

- (d) Lok Tak lake
- **70.** Both halophytes and glycophytes compartmentalize cytotoxic ions into the intracellular compartment or actively pump them out of the cell to the apoplasts with the help of membrane transport proteins. Among these, the Na⁺-H⁺ antiporter, NHX1, is localized in
 - (a) the plasma membrane.

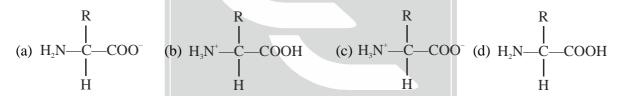
- (b) chloroplast (inner envelope).
- (c) mitochondria (outer membrane).
- (d) Tonoplast.
- 71. You are studying the binding of proteins to the cytoplasmic face of cultured liver cells and have found a method that gives a good yield of inside-out vesicles from the plasma membrane. Unfortunately, your preparations are contaminated with variable amounts of right-side-out vesicles. Nothing you have tried avoids this contamination. Somebody suggests that you pass the vesicles over an affinity column made of lectin coupled to Sepharose beads. What is the rational of this suggestion?
 - (a) Right-side-out-vesicles wIll be lysed by lectin coupled to Sepharose beads.
 - (b) Right-side-out-vesicles will simply bind to the lectin coupled Sepharose beads.
 - (c) Lectin will bind to the carbohydrate residues present only on the inside out vesicles.
 - (d) Lectin will bind to only glycoproteins and glycolipids present on the inside-out vesicles.
- 72. The overall length of the cell cycle can be measured from the doubling time of a population of exponentially proliferating cells. The doubling time of a population of mouse L cells was determined by counting the number of cells in samples of culture at various times. What is the overall length of the cell cycle in mouse L cells?



- (a) 30 h
- (b) 20 h
- (c) 10 h
- (d) 40 h
- 73. Using molecular clock, it was estimated that two species A and B must have diverged from their common ancestor about 9 x 10⁶ years ago. If the rate of divergence per base pair is estimated to be 0.0015 per million years, what is the proportion of base pairs that differ between the two species now?
 - (a) 0.0270
- (b) 0.0135
- (c) 0.00017
- (d) 0.0035
- 74. A protein in 100 mM KCl solution was heated and the observed T_m (midpoint of unfolding) was 60°C. When the same protein solution in 500 mM KCl was heated, the observed T_m was 65°C. What is the most probable reason for this increase in T_m?
 - (a) Hydrophobic interaction is increased and electrostatic repulsion is decreased
 - (b) Hydrophobic interaction is decreased and electrostatic repulsion is increased
 - (c) Hydrogen bonding is increased
 - (d) Van der Waals interaction is increased



- *75.* During receptor-mediated endocytosis, apolipoprotein B on the surface of a LDL particle binds to the LDL-receptor present in coated pits containing clathrin. The receptor-LDL complex is internalized by endocytosis, trafficked to lysosomes and the LDL-receptor is finally recycled. A patient reports with familial hypercholesterolemia. This could be due to
 - (a) mutation in the LDL molecule.
- (b) defect in LDL-receptor recycling.
- (c) mutation in the LDL-receptor.
- (d) defect in cholesterol binding with its receptor.
- 76. Budding yeast cells that are deficient for Mad2, a component of the spindle-attachment-check point, are killed by treatment with benomyl, which causes microtubles to depolymerise. In the absence of benomyl, however, the cells are perfectly viable. Which explanation out of the following is able to justify this observation?
 - (a) In the absence of benomyl, the majority of spindles forms normally and the spindle-attachment checkpoint (Mad2) plays no role.
 - (b) In the presence of benomyl, the majority of spindles form normally and Mad2 plays critical role in cell survival.
 - (c) Other than the role in cell survival, microtuble depolymerization affects oxidative phosphorylation in the absence of Mad2.
 - (d) Benomyl also affects protein synthesis in the absence of Mad2.
- 77. Eukaryotic genomes are organized into chromosomes and can be visualized at mitosis by staining with specific dyes. Heat denaturation followed by staining with Giemsa produced alternate dark and light bands. The dark bands obtained by this process are mainly
 - (a) AT -rich and gene rich regions.
- (b) AT -rich and gene desert regions.
- (c) GC-rich and gene rich regions.
- (d) GC-rich and gene desert regions.
- **78.** An amino acid contains no ionizable group in its side chain (R). It is titrated from pH 0 to 14. Which of the following ionizable state is not observed during the entire titration in the pH range 0 - 14?



- **79.** A researcher has isolated a restriction endonuclease that cleaves at only one specific 10 base pair site.
 - (i) Would this enzyme be useful in protecting cells from viral infections, given that a typical viral genome is 5×10^4 base pairs long?
 - (ii) Restriction endonucleases are slow enzymes with turnover number of 1 s⁻¹. Suppose the isolated endonuclease was faster with turnover numbers similar to those for carbonic anhydrase (10⁶ s⁻¹), would this increased rate be beneficial to host cells, assuming that the fast enzymes have similar levels of specificity?

The correct combination of answer is

- (a) (A): No (B): Yes (b) (A): No (B): No (c) (A): Yes (B): No

- (d) (A): Yes (B): Yes
- 80. Lac repressor inhibits expression of genes in lac-operon whereas purine biosynthesis is repressed by the Pur repressor. The two proteins have 31% identical sequences and have similar three-dimensional structures. The gene regulatory properties of these proteins differ in relation to
 - (i) binding of small molecules to the repressor. (ii) presence of recognition sites on the genome.
 - (iii)oligomeric nature of the repressor.
- (iv) DNA binding property.

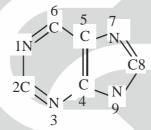
The correct statements are

- (a) A and B
- (b) A, B and C
- (c) A and C
- (d) B, C and D



- 81. An α -helix in a peptide or protein is characterized by hydrogen bonds and characteristic dihedral angles. Choose the right combination.
 - (a) Hydrogen bonding between the amide CO of residue i and amide NH of residue i + 4. Dihedral angles in the region $\phi = -50^{\circ}$, $\psi = -60^{\circ}$
 - (b) Hydrogen bonding between amide NH of residue i and amide CO of residue i + 4. Dihedral angles in the region of $\phi = -50^{\circ}$, $\psi = -60^{\circ}$
 - (c) Hydrogen bonding between the amide CO of residue i and amide NH of residue i + 4, Dihedral angles in the region of $\phi = -50^{\circ}$, $\psi = +60^{\circ}$
 - (d) Hydrogen bonding between the amide CO of residue i and amide NH of residue i + 3. Dihedral angles in the region of $\phi = -50^{\circ}$, $\psi = -60^{\circ}$
- **82.** Mouse bone marrow cells were fractionated to derive stem cells antigen 1⁺ (Sca 1⁺) cells. These cells were cultured with interleukin-3, or granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor, or macrophage colony stimulating factor, or granulocyte colony stimulating factor. Most numerous and varied colonies were obtained in the culture stimulated with
 - (a) Interleukin-3

- (b) Granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor
- (c) Macrophage colony stimulating factor
- (d) Granulocyte colony stimulating factor
- **83.** Precursors of the atoms in the purine skeleton are:



- (a) N1, Asp; C2 and C8, Formate; N3 and N9 guanidine; C4, C5 and N7, Gly; C6, CO₂.
- (b) N1, Asp; C2 and C8, citrate; N3 and N9, amide nitrogen of Gln, C4, C5 and N7, Gly; C6, CO₂.
- (c) N1, Asp; C2 and C8, formate; N3 and N9 amide nitrogen of Gln; C4, C5 and N7, Gly; C6, CO₂.
- (d) N1, Glu; C2 and C8, acetate; N3 and N9, amide nitrogen of Asn; C4, C5 and N7, Gly; C6, CO₂.
- 84. Two E. coli cultures A and B are taken. Culture A was earlier grown in the presence of optimum concentration of gratuitous inducer IPTG. Both the cultures are now used to inoculate fresh medium containing sub-optimal concentration of gratuitous inducer. It was observed that culture B was unable to utilize lactose, whereas culture A did so efficiently. The reason behind this is
 - (a) pretreatment with IPTG has resulted in a mutation as a result of which lac operon is constitutively expressed
 - (b) IPTG has made the cell membrane more porous to small molecu1es and so lactose is taken up more efficiently by A as compared to B.
 - (c) in culture A, lactose permease was induced to a high level, during pretreatment with IPTG, which allowed the preferential uptake of lactose.
 - (d) in culture A, IPTG activated a receptor which bound lactose more efficiently, thereby triggering a signal.
- **85.** Cancer causing genes can be functionally classified into mainly three types: (i) genes that induce cellular proliferation, (ii) tumor suppressor genes, (iii) genes that regulate apoptotic pathway.

Epstein-Barr virus that causes cancer by modulating apoptotic pathway, contains a gene having sequence homology with which of the following genes?

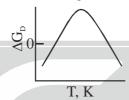
- (a) bax
- (b) bcl-2
- (c) p53
- (d) caspase-3



- **86.** It has been observed that in 5-10% of the eukaryotic mRNAs with multiple AUGs, the first AUG is not the initiation site. In such cases, the ribosome skips over one or more AUGs before encountering the favourable one and initiating translation. This is postulated to be due to the presence of the following consensus sequence (s):
 - (i) CCA CC AUG G (ii) CCG CC AUG G (iii) CCG CC AUG C (iv) AAC GG AUG A Which of the following sequence sets related to the above postulations is correct?
 - (a) A and B
- (b) A and C
- (c) C and D
- (d) B and D
- 87. The values of T_m (midpoint of denaturation), ΔH_m (enthalpy change at T_m) and ΔC_p (constant pressure heat capacity change) of protein are measured in differential scanning colorimeter. $\Delta G_D(T)$, the Gibbs free energy change at any temperature T(K) can be estimated using the following form of the Gibbs Helmholtz equation with the values obtained from these measurements:

$$\Delta G_{D}(T) = \Delta H_{m} \left(\frac{T_{m} - T}{T_{m}} \right) - \Delta C_{p} [T_{m} - T + T ln(T / T_{m})]$$

The stability curve for the protein simulated using the observed thermodynamic values is given below:



The shape of the stability curve is due to

- (a) Hydrogen bonding and electrostatic interactions only
- (b) Van der Waals and electrostatic interactions only
- (c) Only electrostatic interactions
- (d) Only hydrophobic interactions
- 88. Toll like receptor 4 is associated with responsiveness to LPS, an endotoxin that causes lethal endotoxic shock. The mice deficient in Toll like receptor 4 and BALB/c mice were injected with *Escherichia coli*. In addition, some BALB/b mice were also injected with the same bacteria alone or with anti interleukin 10 (IL 10) antibody. The mice resistant to the lethal effect of bacteria were
 - (a) BALB/b mice receiving the bacteria
 - (b) BABL/b mice receiving the bacteria and the anti IL- 10 antibody
 - (c) Mice deficient in Toll like receptor
 - (d) BALB /c mice receiving the bacteria
- **89.** Presence of circular mRNAs for a specific protein in an eukaryotic cell reflects a rapid rate of synthesis of that protein.

Following mechanisms are suggested:

- (i) eIF-4G and PABP promote this process through 5'-3' interaction of mRNA.
- (ii) ribosomes are less active in recognizing circular mRNA.
- (iii) PABP and eIF-4A promote this process.
- (iv) ribosomes can reinitiate translation without being disassembled.

Which of the following is correct?

- (a) A and D
- (b) B and D
- (c) A and C
- (d) B and C



- 90. siRNAs and miRNAs are used for achieving gene silencing. Although, major steps are similar there are distinct differences in the key players of the two processing pathways. Following statements relate to some characteristic features of gene silencing.
 - (i) Both siRNAs and miRNAs are processed by cytoplasmic endonuclease Dicer.
 - (ii) 'Drosha' is needed for processing miRNAs and precursor siRNAs.
 - (iii) Both siRNAs and miRNAs show association with Argonaute protein.
 - (iv) Both the processing pathways involve RISe complex.

Which of the following combinations is NOT correct?

- (a) A and C
- (b) C and D
- (c) A and B
- (d) D and A
- 91. Glucose is mobilized in muscle when epinephrine activates $G_{\alpha s}$. In an experiment in which muscle cells were stimulated with epinephrine, glucose mobilization was observed even after withdrawal of epinephrine. This could be
 - (a) due to the presence of a cAMP phosphodiesterase inhibitor.
 - (b) very low rates of cyclic AMP formation.
 - (c) due to the presence of a cAMP phosphodiesterase activator.
 - (d) due to the absence of protein kinase A.
- 92. In eukaryotic chromatin, 30 nm fiber (solenoid) can open up to give rise to two kinds of chromatin. In one type (A), the promoter of a gene within the open chromatin is occupied by a nucleosome whereas in the other (B), the promoter is occupied by histone H1. The following possibilities are suggested.
 - (i) The gene in (A) is repressed.
- (ii) The gene in (B) is repressed.

(iii) The gene in (A) is active.

(iv) The gene in (B) is active.

Which of the following sets is correct?

- (a) A and D
- (b) A and B
- (c) Band D
- (d) C and D
- 93. Intracellular pathogens like *Mycobacteria*, *Salmonella*, *Leismania* and *Listeria* survive in macrophages by modulating host cellular machinery. In order to study the fate of these intracellular pathogens in macrophages, cells were labeled with lysotracker Red arid infected with GFP labeled organisms. After 2 hours at 37° C, cells were fixed, stained with anti-transferrin receptor antibody and probed with secondary antibody conjugated blue dyes. Cells were viewed under confocal microscope Observation: GFP labeled mycobacteria, Salmonella and Listeria were localized in the same compartment labeled with blue dyes; whereas GFP Leishmania co-localize with red labeled compartment Which of the following statement is true based on these observations?
 - (a) Mycobacteria, Salmonella and Listeria reside in the lysosomes
 - (b) Leishmania reside in lysosome like compartment
 - (c) Leishmania reside in compartment which bears characteristics of early endocytic compartment
 - (d) Mycobacteria, Salmonella and Listeria lyse the phagosomal membrane and reside in cytosol
- 94. Macrophages were collected from BALB/c mice, CD40 deficient mice, CD86 deficient mice and ICAM -1 deficient mice. These macrophages were co-cultured with LCMV peptide specific T cells in presence of the LCMV peptide for three days. The cells were recovered and co-cultured with BALB/c derived macrophages in presence of the peptide. During the last twelve hour of the co-culture, ³H-thymidine was added to the cultures. The cells were harvested and ³H-thymidine incorporation was assessed. The highest incorporation was observed in
 - (a) BALB/c macrophage T cell co-culture
 - (b) CD40-deficient macrophage T cell co-culture
 - (c) CD86-deficient macrophage T cell co-culture
 - (d) ICAM-1-deficient macrophage T cell co-culture



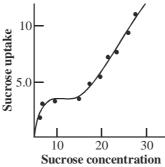
95.							in transcription of ge	
		•			•		characteristic feature	s of TBP.
				as an universal bas	-	ictor.		
	, ,		•	d for transcription of	•			
	` ′			recognizing TATA				
	, ,	•		l promoters regardle		content.		
	Which o	f the fo	llowin	g combinations is N	IOT correct?			
	(a) A and	l D		(b) C and D	(c) B and I	D	(d) A and C	
96.	discoided life cycle A. aca d	um. This . The fo	s morp ollowing t cells	hogen' is synthesized g statements (AD) re can be allowed to a	I by different adengerer to the effect of ggregate by expos	yl cyclases exp f mutations in o sing them to p	fferentiation of Dicty pressed at different standifferent adenyl cycla bulses of cAMP. can germinate when	ages of its se genes:
		vourabl				F		
				develop normally a	nd the snores ger	minate in the	snore head itself	
	_			•	•		e of the osmotic con	ditions
	-			atements are correct		ite irrespectivo	c of the osmotic con	uitions.
			ove si		(c) A and	D	(d) C and D.	
07	(a) A and		- (A T	(b) A only.	` ′		` '	
97.			s (A, I			its with a proj	per combination of n	n, n, o, p.
	Where in	n		m represents -lon				
				n represents-shor				
				o represents-prev				
				p represents-indu				
							n a critical dark perio	
							ering in SD plants. I	
	_			_		T	eriod. Shortening of	the night
		_		ment D	_ flowering in LI) plants.		
	A	В	C	CARCE	CNDCA	/OLID		
	` '	0	n	P. CAREEL	r endeav	VUUR /		
	(b) n	p	m	0				
	(c) n	0	m	p				
	(d) m	p	n	O				
98.	environn	nental (V_E). T				mponents- genetic d quantitatively as he	O .
	(a) V_G -	$V_{_{\rm E}}$		(b) V_E/V_G	(c) V_G/V_G	$+V_{\rm E}$	(d) V_G/V_G-V_E	
99.	Mutation	ns in CO	ONSTA	ANS (CO) of Arabic			wering phenotype. T	ranscript
	levels of	CO we	ere dete	ermined in long day	and short day see	dlings. Which	of the following wo	uld likely
	represen	t the tra	anscrip	t profile of CO?				
	Lo	ng-day	S	Short-day				
		edlings	5	seedlings				
	1.							
	2. 3.							
	<i>3</i> . 4.							



- 100. Following are some statements for synthesis of secondary metabolites in plants.
 - A. Terpenes are synthesized by shikimic acid pathway and mevalonic acid pathway
 - B. Alkaloids are nitrogen containing compounds and are synthesized by shikimic acid pathway
 - C. Phenolic compounds are synthesized by shikimic acid pathway and mevalonic acid pathway
 - D. Both alkaloids and terpenes are synthesized by mevalonic acid pathway and MEP pathway Which of the following combinations of the above statements are true?
 - (a) A and D
- (b) A and C
- (c) B and C
- (d) B and D
- **101.** During early cleavage of *Caenorabditis elegans* embryos, each asymmetrical division produces one founder cell which produces differentiated descendants and one stem cell. The very first cell division produces one anterior founder cell, namely AB and one posterior stem cell, namely P1. When these blastomeres are experimentally separated and allowed to proceed further with development, one could get the following possible outcomes:
 - (a) P1 cell would develop autonomously while the AB would show conditional development.
 - (b) P1 cells would show conditional development while AB would show autonomous development.
 - (c) Both would show autonomous specification and result in mosaic development.
 - (d) Both would show conditional specification and result in regulative development.
- **102.** In case of sea urchin, which of the following is the correct sequence of events taking place during the interaction of sperm and egg?
 - (a) Chemoattraction of sperm to the egg by soluble molecules secreted by the egg \rightarrow exocytosis of the sperm acrosomal vesicle to release its enzymes \rightarrow binding of the sperm to the extracellular matrix of the egg \rightarrow passage of sperm through this extracellular matrix \rightarrow fusion of egg and sperm cell membranes.
 - (b) Chemoattraction of sperm to the egg by soluble molecules secreted by the egg \rightarrow binding of the sperm to the extracellular matrix of the egg \rightarrow exocytosis of the sperm acrosomal vesicle to release its enzymes \rightarrow passage of sperm through this extracellular matrix \rightarrow fusion of egg and sperm cell membranes.
 - (3) Chemoattraction of sperm to the egg by soluble molecules secreted by the egg \rightarrow binding of the sperm to the extracellular matrix of the egg \rightarrow passage of sperm through this extracellular matrix \rightarrow exocytosis of the sperm acrosomal vesicle to release its enzymes \rightarrow fusion of egg and sperm cell membranes.
 - (4) Chemoattraction of sperm to the egg by soluble molecules secreted by the egg \rightarrow passage of sperm through this extracellular matrix \rightarrow binding of the sperm to the extracellular matrix of the egg \rightarrow exocytosis of the sperm acrosomal vesicle to release its enzymes \rightarrow fusion of egg and sperm cell membranes.
- 103. The time taken for atrial systole and diastole in a normal heart are t_{as} and t_{ad} seconds, respectively. If ventricular systole takes t_{as} seconds, calculate the ventricular diastolic time (seconds)
 - (a) $(t_{as} + t_{ad}) t_{vs}$
- (b) $(t_{as} t_{ad}) + t_{vs}$
- (c) $(t_{ad} t_{as}) t_{vs}$
- (d) $(t_{as} + t_{ad}) \times t_{vs}$
- **104.** A patient undergoes liver transplantation and during the course of post- operative treatment, becomes susceptible to infection. The patient can be treated in two different modes and can have alternative outcomes. Which of the following statements is correct?
 - (a) Treatment with immuno-stimulatory drugs reducing the infection but rejecting the transplant
 - (b) Treatment with immune-stimulatory drugs reducing the infection and retaining the transplant
 - (c) Treatment with antibiotics reducing the infection but retaining the transplant
 - (d) Treatment with antibiotics reducing the infection but rejecting the transplant
- **105.** The dependence of the rate of sucrose uptake with respect to sucrose concentration in plant cell was studied and data are shown in the following graph.

From the above data it can be inferred that:





- (a) The sucrose uptake is energy independent and not special carrier is involved
- (a) The sucrose uptake is energy dependent and a special carrier is involved
- (c) At lower concentration of sucrose the uptake of sucrose is energy dependent and carrier mediated
- (d) At higher concentration of sucrose the uptake is energy dependent and carrier mediated
- **106.** During episodes of anoxia in plants, pyruvate produced in glycolysis is initially fermented to lactate. During later stage, there is an increase in the fermentation to ethanol and decrease in the fermentation to lactate, a phenomena which helps plants survive anoxia. Which of the following statements is correct about this change of fermentation flux from lactate towards ethanol?
 - (a) The cytosolic pH increases, thus activating both lactate dehydrogenase and pyruvate decarboxylase activity
 - (b) The cytosolic pH increases, thus inhibiting lactate dehydrogenase activity and activating pyruvate decarboxylase activity
 - (c) The cytosolic pH decreases, thus activating both lactate dehydrogenase and pyruvate decarboxylase activity
 - (d) The cytosolic pH decreases, thus inhibiting lactate dehydrogenase and activating pyruvate decarboxylase activity.
- 107. Bacteria often acquire genes by the process of lateral or horizontal transfer. Such foreign genes, if acquired in recent past, may be identified by their atypical GC content, as compared to native genes. Suppose the genomic GC content of a bacterium is 40%. Gene A of this organism contains 1000 bases with 225 G and 215 C. Another gene B of length 800 bases contain 160 G and 140 C. Which one of the following would be the most acceptable hypothesis (giving that $X^2 = 3.841$ at 0.05 significance level)?
 - (a) A native, B foreign

(b) A foreign, B native

(c) A foreign, B foreign

(d) A native, B native

- **108.** Injection of noggin mRNA into a 1-cell, UV-irradiated embryos of frog completely rescues dorsal development and allows the formation of a complete embryo. Some of the following statements (A-D) could possibly explain this observation.
 - (i) Noggin is a secreted protein which induces dorsal ectoderm to form neural tissue and it dorsalizes the mesoderm cells which would otherwise contribute to ventral mesoderm.
 - (ii) Noggin binds directly to BMP4 and BMP2 thus preventing complex formation with their receptors.
 - (iii) Noggin along with other molecules prevent BMP from binding to and inducing ectoderm and mesoderm cells near the organizer.
 - (*iv*) Noggin is a secreted protein which induces the dorsal ectoderm to form the epidermis and it ventralizes the mesoderm cells which would otherwise contribute to dorsal mesoderm.

Which of the above statements are correct?

(a) A, B and C

(b) A and B

(c) B and C

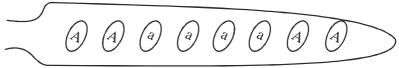
(d) A and D



109.	Atmospheric CO ₂ contains the naturally occurring stable carbon isotope ¹² C and ¹³ C in the proportion of 98.9% and 1.1% respectively. Following are some of the statements regarding CO ₂ assimilation					
	A. Both C ₃ and C ₄ pla	nts assimilate less ¹³ C	CO ₂ than ¹² CO ₂	-		
	B. Both C ₃ and C ₄ pla	nts assimilate less 12C	CO ₂ than ¹³ CO ₂			
	C. C ₃ plants assimilate	e lesser ¹³ CO ₂ than ¹² C	CO_2 as compared to C_4 p	lants		
			CO_2 as compared to C_3 p			
	Which one of the follo	owing combinations of	of above statements is tr	ue?		
	(a) A and B	(b) A and C	(c) C and D	(d) A and D		
110.		ation. However, the h		ration of the animal stopped and it shough at a slower rate. Some of the		
	(a) Respiration regula		in the medulla			
	B. Respiration regula	•				
	C. Hear regulatory ce					
	D. Heart has auto-reg		2			
	Which of the followin		?			
	(a) A only	(c) B and C only	(c) A, B and D on	lly (d) B, C, and D only		
111.	An organism having hear	rt for circulation excrete	es through green glands. It	has several ganglia and tractile organs		
	on its body and its larval form is very different than its adult form. This organism most likely to respire by:					
	A. Exchanging oxyge	n and carbon dioxide	through an extensive tr	racheal system		
	B. Gaseous exchange	over thinner areas of	f cuticle or by gills			
	C. An efficient trache	al system that deliver	rs oxygen directly to the	tissues		
	D. A double transport	t system, where the c	irculating fluid contains	a dissolved respiratory pigment		
	Choose the correct op	tion				
	(a) A and C	(b) Only D	(c) Only B	(d) B and D		
112.	The MALDI spectrum	of a peptide shows a	peak at m/z correspondi	ng to 3600. When the ESI spectrum		
	_			btained. When the MALDI MS/MS		
	spectrum was recorde	d, large number of p	eaks with m/z less than	3600 were observed. The spectral		
	data indicate that the p	peptide is	K ENDEAVOU	R/		
	(a) Highly impure					
	` '	•	partial sequence of the p	peptide can be determined		
	(c) Highly unstable an	• •				
	. ,		r recording ESI spectrur			
113.				result glucocorticoid concentration		
		One or a combination	on of the following chan	ges most likely taking place in this		
	condition:		1.9			
	(i) Decreased circulati	•	asophils.			
	(ii) Reduced IL2 relea					
	(iii)Potentiated inflam	• •	• •			
	(iv) Increased mitotic a	activity of lymphocyte	es in lymph nodes.			
	The correct answer is	a> 4 - 15	() 5	(1) C 15		
	(a) B and C.	(b) A and B.	(c) B and D	(d) C and D.		



- In one study, a group of 5 day rat pups were fed for 3 weeks a diet A and the pups gained weight by 300%. In a second study, when the same diet fed for 3 weeks to rats of 350 gms, they did not gain weight significantly. In a third study, a diet B was fed to 250-350 gms rats and it was observed that they delivered normal pups after five weeks. Based on these observations which of the following statements is correct?
 - (a) Diet A facilitates weight gain than diet B.
 - (b) Diet B facilitates pregnancy and child-bearing.
 - (c) More control experiments are to be conducted for definitive conclusion.
 - (d) Diet A is more energy containing that diet 'B'. Hence, its quantity should reduced.
- **115.** In *Neurospora a* cross between the genotypes 'A' and 'a' results in an ascus with ascospores of genotypes as shown below:

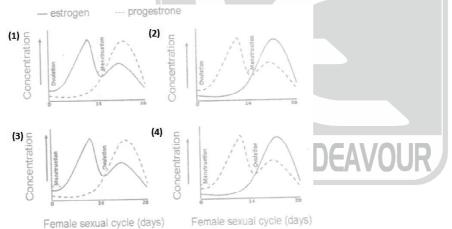


Statements A to D are events that could have occurred during meiosis

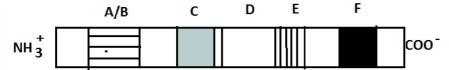
- A. Crossing over between the centromeres and the gene
- B. Segregation of alleles 'A' and 'a' in meiosis I
- C. Segregation of alleles 'A' and 'a' in meiosis II
- D. Assortment of alleles 'A' and 'a'

Which of the above events could correctly explain the observation shown in the figure?

- (a) A followed by C
- (b) C alone
- (c) A followed by B
- (d) D alone
- 116. Which of the following graph represents normal sexual cycle in a normal human female?



117. Based on the structural regions of a nuclear receptor shown in the diagram, the following predictions were made.



- (i) Region F is responsible for binding to ligands and contains two zinc finger-like binding motifs
- (ii) Receptors with A/B domains generally associate with chaperones and do not bind to DNA.
- (iii) Region E indicate that receptors associate with chaperones which protect the nuclear hormone receptors.
- (iv) Region C contains the P-box and the D-box required for dimerization of the receptor and creates contact with DNA phosphate backbone.

Which one of the following is true?

- (a) A and B
- (b) B and C
- (c) B and D
- (d) C and D



118. When F1 female *Drosophila* of the genotype a⁺ ab⁺ bc⁺ c is test crossed, the following progenies were obtained:

Progeny Classes *	No. of progenies
$a^+b^+c^+$	22
a^+b^+c	28
abc^{+}	26
abc	24
a^+bc^+	230
a^+bc	220
$ab^{\scriptscriptstyle +}c^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$	225
ab^+c	225
Total	1000

The progeny has been shown as classes derived from the female gamete Statements A to F as given below are conclusions derived from the above result

- A. Genes a and b are linked in cis
- B. Genes a and b are linked in trnas
- C. Genes a and b are linked in cis while b and c are linked in trans
- D. The genotype of the parents are $a^+ a^+ b^+ b^+$ and aabb
- E. The genopyte of the parents are a⁺ a⁺ bb and aab⁺ b⁺
- F. Genes a and b are 10 cM apart

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (a) C alone
- (b) A, E and F
- (c) B, E and F
- (d) A, D and F
- 119. Monoclonal antibodies (mAb) can be potentially used as therapeutic agents. The major advantage is that they can specifically target aberrant cells. However, there is a practical difficulty. Monoclonal are raised in mouse and therefore it is expected that an immune reaction will develop if these are injected into humans. It is therefore necessary to humanize monoclonal antibody by
 - (a) Expressing the genes for the mAb in cultured human cells and isolating the mAb from these cells
 - (b) Replacing the Fc region of a mAb with one derived from a human IgG
 - (c) Replacing C₁ and C₂ regions of the mAb with that obtained from human IgG
 - (d) Taking a human IgG and replacing the CDRs by those derived from the mouse mAb
- **120.** The following is a hypothetical pathway for the development of wild type (red) eye colour in an insect:

Enzyme A and B are encoded by the genes a⁺ and b⁺, respectively.

The following statements are made regarding inheritance of the genes involved in the development of eye colour

- A. When two heterozygous individuals of the genotype a⁺ ab ⁺b are mated, progenies with red, orange, brown and white eye colour will be observed irrespective of whether the genes are independently assorting or showing incomplete linkage.
- B. When two heterozygous individuals of the genotype a⁺ ab ⁺b are mated, progenies with red, orange, brown, and white eye colour will be observed in a ratio of 9:3:3:1, when the genes are independently assorting.
- C. When an heterozygous individual of the genotype a⁺ b/ab⁺ is test crossed, progenies with red and white eye colour will be more in number.

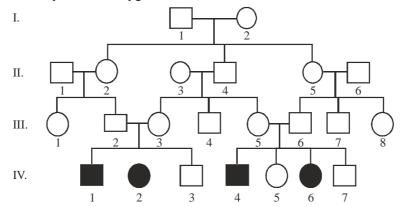


D. When an heterozygous individual of the genotype a+b/ab+ is test crossed, progenies with orange and brown eye colour will be more in number.

Which of the above statements is true?

- (a) A and C
- (b) B and C
- (c) A, B and C
- (d) A, B and D
- 121. Mendel crossed tall pea plants with dwarf ones. The F1 plants were all tall. When these F1 plants were selfed to produce F2 generation, he got a 3:1 tall to dwarf ratio in the offspring. What is the probability that out of three plants (of F2 generation) picked up at random two would be dwarf and one would be tall?
 - (a) 3/4
- (b) 3/8
- (c) 9/64
- 122. Two new plant species, A and B, were described in 1872. Subsequently it was found that the type for species A was never designated and for species B there was one specimen designated as type but missing. As per International Code of Botanical nomenclature (ICBN), typification should be
 - (a) neotype for A only.

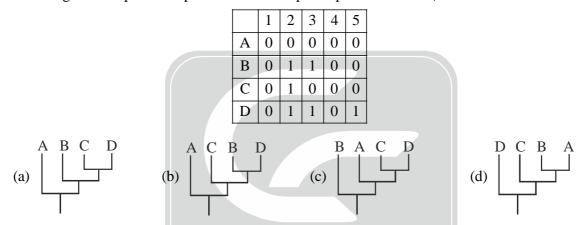
- (b) neotype for A and lectotype for B.
- (c) neotypes for both A and B.
- (d) lectotype for both A and B.
- **123.** According to MacArthur and Wilson's equilibrium theory, which of the following is true?
 - (a) Larger islands and islands closer to continent are expected to have more species than smaller and isolated islands.
 - (b) Smaller islands and islands far from the continent are expected to have more species than larger and isolated islands.
 - (c) Smaller islands and islands closer to the continent are expected to have more species than far away smaller and isolated islands.
 - (d) More species are expected on all islands irrespective of their size and distance from the continent.
- **124.** Proteins in the cells can be visualized by the following methods:
 - A. Express the gene (coding for the said protein) as a fusion with the green fluorescence protein (GFP) and directly visualize under a fluorescence microscope
 - B. Express the gene (coding for the said protein) as a fusion with the β -galactosidase gene (lac Z) and directly visualize under a phase contrast bright field microscope
 - C. A fluorescence tagged antibody raised against the said protein could be used for visualization in a fluorescence microscope
 - D. Over express the protein and directly visualize it under a scanning electron microscope Which of the following methods you would choose to visualize a protein in a living cell?
 - (a) A only
- (b) A and C only (c) A and B only
- (d) D only
- 125. Affected individuals from the pedigree given below are suffering from albinism, an autosomal recessive disease. Identify the confirmed carrier individuals in their pedigree assuming that the members coming from outside the family are homozygous for the dominant allele.



- (a) III-2, III-3, III-5, III-6, II-1, II-3 and II-6
- (b) III-2, III-3, III-5, III-6, II-2, II-4, II-5 and I-2
- (c) III-2, III-3, III-5, III-6, II-2, II-4 and II-5
- (d) III-1, III-4, III-7, II-2, II-4 and II-5



- **126.** Assume a new subspecies Ficus callosa subsp. microcarpa has been published by Jacobs. The nomenclature of the resulting entities would be
 - (a) F callosa and F. callosa subsp. microcarpa Jacobs
 - (b) F. callosa subsp. microcarpa Jacobs and other yet to be named subspecies of F. callosa
 - (c) F. callosa subsp. callosa Jacobs and F.callosa subsp. microcarpa Jacobs.
 - (d) F. callosa subsp. callosa and F.callosa subsp. microcarpa Jacobs.
- 127. Primary production in aquatic ecosystem is measured using Light-and -Dark-Bottle technique. In this method, as an indirect measure of photosynthetic production, dissolved oxygen concentration of the pond water enclosed in a BOD bottle is measured initially (I) and after a fixed duration of incubation in a light bottle (L) and a dark bottle (D). Then, the gross and net primary productions are estimated is
 - (a) (L-D) and (L-I), respectively.
- (b) (L-I) and (L-D), respectively.
- (c) (L-I) and (I-D), respectively.
- (d) (L-D) and (I-D), respectively.
- **128.** Identify the most appropriate cladogram that can be constructed using the data matrix given below, assuming '0's are pleisomorphic and '1's are apomorphic characters.\



- **129.** Gause's Competitive exclusion' principle states that two species with identical niches cannot coexist indefinitely. Which of the following statements is the most appropriate regarding the validity of the principle?
 - (a) It depends on how one defines niche.
 - (b) There are in nature many instances of continued coexistence of closely related species.
 - (c) The principle is universally true.
 - (d) It does not predict the outcome where, both the species are eaually strong competitors.
- **130.** In a lake ecosystem, bottom-up effects (B) refers to control of a lower trophic level by the higher trophic levels and top down effects (T) refer to the opposite. In a lake with three trophic levels Phytoplankton (P), Zooplankton (Z) and Carnivore (C).
 - (a) P and C are controlled by B, and Z is controlled by T
 - (b) P, Z and C are all controlled by T
 - (c) P is controlled by B, Z is controlled by T and C is controlled by B
 - (d) P is controlled by T, Z is controlled by B and C is controlled by T
- **131.** An organism has the following architectural pattern:
 - (i) multicellular with germ layers
 - (ii) a coelom derived from the mesoderm
 - (iii)primary bilateral symmetry with secondary radial symmetry
 - (iv)presence of endoskeletal plates

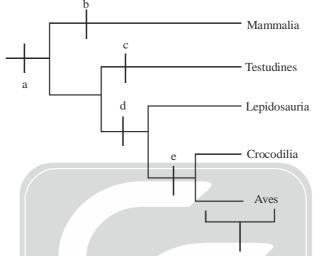


Such an organism is most likely to

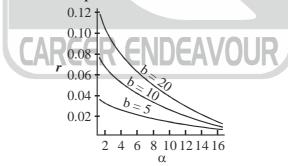
- (A) have mesohyl as its connective tissue.
- (B) undergo torsion, whereby the mouth and anus are properly oriented.
- (C) be devoid of a brain but have calcareous spicules.
- (D) have comb plates to help in locomotion.

Which of the following is true?

- (a) A and C
- (b) C only
- (c) D only
- (d) B and C
- **132.** Identify the apomorphic characters marked in the cladogram:



- (a) a amniotic egg; b 4-chambered heart; c-anapsidian skull; d-diapsidian skull; e-synapsid skull.
- (b) a amniotic egg; b-synapsidan skull; c-4 -chambered heart; d- anapsidan skull; e-diapsidan skull.
- (c) a 4-chambered heart; b-synapsidan skull; c-amniotic egg; d-diapsidan skull; e-anapsidan skull.
- (d) a amniotic egg; b synapsidan skull; c-anapsidan skull; d-diapsidan skull; e-4-chambered heart.
- 133. The graph below shows the relationships of per capita population growth rate (r), fecundity (b) and age at first reproduction (α) in a animal species.



What is the important conclusion to be drawn from the graph?

- (a) The later the age of first reproduction, the lower is the population growth rate achieved.
- (b) The population growth rate decreases as first reproduction is postponed to a later stage, regardless of the fecundity.
- (c) At any α , the higher the fecundlity, the higher is the population growth rate achieved.
- (d) As the age at first reproduction is postponed further, the benefits of increasing fecundity on the population growth rate become progressively negligible.
- **134.** What will be the approximate effective population size in a panmictic population of 240 with 200 females and 40 polygamous males?
 - (a) 160
- (b) 133
- (c) 63

(d) 67



135. An animal was first maintained in a constant environmental condition for several days until a consistent biological rhythm (B) was established. The animal was then exposed to an experimental physical rhythm (E). Which modulates the phase an period of B. However, upon withdrawal, E, the B gradually regained its pattern of pre-exposure condition. From these observations which one or more of the following should be the most logical inference?

A. E is a Zeitgeber

B. E is a masking agent

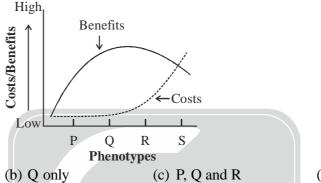
C. E cause entrainment of B

D. B is a conditioned to E

The correct answer is

- (a) A and C
- (b) B and D
- (c) B only
- (d) D only

136. Shown in the graph below are the fitness costs and benefits of four alternatives behavioural phenotypes (P, Q, R, S). Given sufficient evolutionary time, which phenotype(s) is likely to evolve as an adaptation?



(a) Q and R

(d) S only

137. The following geological eras mark the advent of important events in the history of earth - origin of terrestrial plants, origin of mammals and break up of the land mass Pangaea:

- (a) Early Cambrian
- (b) Late Devonian
- (c) Late Cretaceous
- (d) Late Jurassic

Identify the correct match of the events with the geological era

- (a) Origin of terrestrial plants (c); Origin of mammals (d); Break-up of Pangaea (a)
- (b) Origin of terrestrial plants (b); Origin of mammals (d); Break up of Pangaea -(c)
- (c) Origin of terrestrial plants (d); Origin of mammals (c); Break up of Pangaea -(b)
- (d) Origin of terrestrial plants (b); Origin of mammals (c); Break up of Pangaea -(d)

138. Industrial products in which bacteria are employed for production are shown in the following table:

I.	List of products	II.	Microorganims
A.	2,3-Butane diol	(i)	Leuconostoc
B.	Dextran	(ii)	Brevibacterium
C.	Glutamic acid	(iii)	Bacillus polymyxa
D.	Cobalamine	(iv)	Propionibacterium

The correct combinations are

- (a) A iii; B i; C ii; D iv
- (b) A i; B ii; C iii; D iv

(c) A - iii; B - ii; C - iv; D - I

(d) A - ii; B - iii; C - iv; D - i

139. Insertion lambda vectors are used to create cDNA libraries, In some insertion vectors, the site of insertion is within the cI gene. The, recombinants which are cI⁻ can then be screened by plating on E. coli hfl. The gene hfl encodes a protease that controls lytic-lysogeny decision through which mechanism?

- (a) Hfl protease degrades cI, thereby promoting lytic pathway
- (b) Hfl protease degrades cIII and so cllI cannot interact with CII, lysogenic pathway is thus preferred.
- (c) Hfl protease degrades cII, and therefore cI synthesis cannot be established, thus lytic pathway is preferred.
- (d) Hfl protease degrades INT, the protein involved in phage integration and the lytic pathway is initiated.



- 140. A transposon carrying a promoterless β -galactosidase (lac-Z) was used to create insertional mutation in the vir region of Ti-plasmid of *Agrobacterium tumefaciens*. All the mutants in which lac Z fusion was in frame were divided into the following three groups:
 - A. The virulence of the bacteria was completely lost and the lac Z was induced by acetosyringone
 - B. The virulence of the bacteria was reduced and the lac Z was induced by acetosyringone
 - C. The virulence of the bacteria was completely lost and lac Z was not induced by acetosyringone Which of the following assumptions are valid about these mutants
 - (a) In group A, the insertion could be in vir B, C, D or G; in group B the insertion could be in vir C or E; and in group C the insertion could be in vir A or G
 - (b) In group A, the insertion could be in vir A, B, C or D; in group B, the insertion could be in either vir C or D; and in group C the insertion could be in vir G
 - (c) In group A, the insertion could be in vir A; in group B, the insertion could be in vir B; and in group C the insertion could be in vir C
 - (d) In group A, the insertion could be in vir G; in group B, the insertion could be in vir B, D or E; in group C, the insertion could be in vir A
- 141. A 30 residue peptide was treated with trypsin and the tryptic peptides were separated by HPLC. Four peaks A B, C and D were obtained. Peptides corresponding to A, B, C and D were reduced and alkylated selectively at cysteine residues. The sequence obtained from A. B, C and D after reduction and alkylation were: A, AEK; B, C (s-alkyl) EPGYR and WC (S-aklyl) SPPK; CC(S-alkyl) EHFR and C(S-alkyl) GGK; D. C(S-alkyl EAFC (s-alkyl)L. The sequence of the 30 residue peptide is

(a)	AEKCEPGYRCEHFRV	VCSPPKCGGKCEAFCL	(b) AEK	CEPGYRCEHF	RWCSPPKCGC	KCEAFCL
(c)	AEKCEPGYRCEHFRW	CSPPKCGGKCEAFCL	(d) AEK	CEPGYRCEHF	RWCSPPKCGO	GKCEAFCL

142. To detect mutation (GAG →GTG) allele specific hybridization method is used. Four members of an affected family are investigated. DNA isolated from blood samples of parents and two offspring's are spotted on a membrane after appropriate processing and probed with either TGACTCCTGAGGAGAAGTC (first probe) or TGACTCCTGTGGAGAAGTC (second probe) after labeling. While probed with first oligonucleotide, signals are obtained for the positions where DNA are spotted from parents and offspring II. When probed with second oligonucleotide, signals are obtained at position where DNA from the parents and offspring I are spotted. Results are shown below:

	Father	Mother	Offspring I	Offspring II
First probe	+	+	-	+
Second probe	+	+	+	-

On the basis of the result which of the following statements is correct?

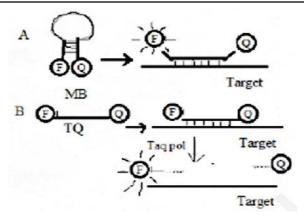
(a) Parents are affected

(b) Offspring I is affected

(c) Offspring II is a carrier

- (d) Offspring II is affected
- 143. Molecular beacons (MB) and Taqman (TQ) are used as probes in Real time PCR experiments. Both these probes are based on the principle of FRET and employ a fluorophore (F) and a quencher (Q). However the mechanism by which they function are different as illustrated below At what stage of the PCR we would be able to detect fluorescence?





(a) Annealing step for both

- (b) Extension step for both
- (c) Annealing for A and Extension for B
- (d) Extension for A and Annealing for B
- An experiment was designed to find out the relation between DNA uptake and transformation efficiency.

 32P labelled genomic DNA from Bacillus subtilis (A) and cold genomic DNA from Clostridium jejeuni

 (B) mixed in various proportions was used to transform Bacillus subtilis. The results obtained are tabulated below

Set	Concent	tration of	Uptake of ³² P	Transformin
No	DNA used (µg/ml)		labeled DNA	g efficiency
	A B		(%)	(CFU)
1	1	1	90	30
2	1	10	82	10
3	1	100	15	5
4	1	1000	5	1

The following interpretations (A to D) could be made

- (i) The transformation is dependent on recombination between homologous sequences.
- (ii) Cells did not distinguish between homologous or heterologous sequences for uptake of DNA.
- (iii) DNA uptake is based on specific receptors
- (iv) DNA degradation dictates transformation efficiency Which of the following interpretations are correct?
- (a) A and B
- (b) A and C
- (c) C and D
- (d) A and D
- 145. When a wrist blastema from a recently cut Axolotl forelimb is placed on a host hindlimb cut at the mid thigh level, it will generate only a wrist. The host (whose own hind limb was removed) will fill the gap and regenerate the limb upto the wrist. However if the donor blastema is treated with retinoic acid on grafting, the wrist blastema will regenerate a complete limb and will not allow the host to fill the gap. This happens because retinoic acid
 - (a) helps in proximalization of the blastema and activates the Hox genes differentially across the blastema.
 - (b) helps in the distalization of the blastema and activates the Hox genes differentially across the blastema.
 - (c) helps block the receptors of FGF essential for limb development
 - (d) helps vigorous proliferation of the cells at the cut surface.

